



GUILDFORD  
BOROUGH

James Whiteman  
Managing Director

[www.guildford.gov.uk](http://www.guildford.gov.uk)

Contact Officer:

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Tel: 01483 444056

22 January 2019

Dear Councillor,

Your attendance is requested at a meeting of the **PLANNING COMMITTEE** to be held in the Council Chamber, Millmead House, Millmead, Guildford, Surrey GU2 4BB on **WEDNESDAY 30 JANUARY 2019 at 7.00 pm.**

Yours faithfully

James Whiteman  
Managing Director

#### **MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE**

Chairman: Councillor Marsha Moseley  
Vice-Chairman: Councillor Jenny Wicks

Councillor Richard Billington  
Councillor David Bilbé  
Councillor Philip Brooker  
Councillor Adrian Chandler  
Councillor Nils Christiansen  
Councillor David Elms  
Councillor Matt Furniss

Councillor Angela Gunning  
Councillor Liz Hogger  
Councillor Susan Parker  
Councillor Tony Phillips  
Councillor Caroline Reeves  
Councillor Paul Spooner

#### **Authorised Substitute Members:**

Councillor Angela Goodwin  
Councillor David Goodwin  
Councillor Mike Hurdle  
Councillor Sheila Kirkland  
Councillor Julia McShane  
Councillor Mike Piper

Councillor David Quelch  
Councillor Jo Randall  
Councillor David Reeve  
Councillor Pauline Searle  
Councillor James Walsh

#### **QUORUM 5**



**Guildford Borough Council**

Millmead House, Millmead, Guildford, Surrey GU2 4BB

## THE COUNCIL'S STRATEGIC FRAMEWORK

### Vision – for the borough

For Guildford to be a town and rural borough that is the most desirable place to live, work and visit in South East England. A centre for education, healthcare, innovative cutting-edge businesses, high quality retail and wellbeing. A county town set in a vibrant rural environment, which balances the needs of urban and rural communities alike. Known for our outstanding urban planning and design, and with infrastructure that will properly cope with our needs.

### Three fundamental themes and nine strategic priorities that support our vision:

- |                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| <b>Place-making</b> | Delivering the Guildford Borough Local Plan and providing the range of housing that people need, particularly affordable homes |
|                     | Making travel in Guildford and across the borough easier   |
|                     | Regenerating and improving Guildford town centre and other urban areas   |
| <b>Community</b>    | Supporting older, more vulnerable and less advantaged people in our community  |
|                     | Protecting our environment   |
|                     | Enhancing sporting, cultural, community, and recreational facilities   |
| <b>Innovation</b>   | Encouraging sustainable and proportionate economic growth to help provide the prosperity and employment that people need       |
|                     | Creating smart places infrastructure across Guildford  |
|                     | Using innovation, technology and new ways of working to improve value for money and efficiency in Council services             |

### Values for our residents

- We will strive to be the best Council.
- We will deliver quality and value for money services.
- We will help the vulnerable members of our community.
- We will be open and accountable.
- We will deliver improvements and enable change across the borough.

## AGENDA

**1 APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE AND NOTIFICATION OF SUBSTITUTE MEMBERS**

**2 LOCAL CODE OF CONDUCT - DISCLOSABLE PECUNIARY INTERESTS**

In accordance with the local Code of Conduct, a councillor is required to disclose at the meeting any disclosable pecuniary interest (DPI) that they may have in respect of any matter for consideration on this agenda. Any councillor with a DPI must not participate in any discussion or vote regarding that matter and they must also withdraw from the meeting immediately before consideration of the matter.

If that DPI has not been registered, you must notify the Monitoring Officer of the details of the DPI within 28 days of the date of the meeting.

Councillors are further invited to disclose any non-pecuniary interest which may be relevant to any matter on this agenda, in the interests of transparency, and to confirm that it will not affect their objectivity in relation to that matter.

**3 MINUTES (Pages 1 - 8)**

To confirm the minutes of the meeting of the Committee held on 9 January 2019 as attached at Item 3. A copy of the minutes will be placed on the dais prior to the meeting.

**4 ANNOUNCEMENTS**

To receive any announcements from the Chairman of the Committee.

**5 PLANNING AND RELATED APPLICATIONS (Pages 9 - 10)**

All current applications between numbers 18/P/01668 and 18/P/02117 which are not included on the above-mentioned List, will be considered at a future meeting of the Committee or determined under delegated powers. Members are requested to consider and determine the Applications set out in the Index of Applications.

5.1 **18/P/01668 - 1-5 The Quadrant and the Casino Nightclub, Onslow Street, Guildford, GU1 4SQ** (Pages 11 - 32)

5.2 **18/P/02117 - 27 Merrow Croft, Guildford, GU1 2XH** (Pages 33 - 40)

**6 DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT PERFORMANCE REPORT JANUARY 2019**  
(Pages 41 - 54)

**7 PLANNING APPEAL DECISIONS (Pages 55 - 68)**

Committee members are asked to note the details of Appeal Decisions as attached at Item 7.

### **WEBCASTING NOTICE**

This meeting will be recorded for live and/or subsequent broadcast on the Council's website in accordance with the Council's capacity in performing a task in the public interest and in line with the Openness of Local Government Bodies Regulations 2014. The whole of the meeting will be recorded, except where there are confidential or exempt items, and the footage will be on the website for six months.

If you have any queries regarding webcasting of meetings, please contact Committee Services.

### NOTES:

(i) Procedure for determining planning and related applications:

1. A Planning Officer will present the Officer's report.
2. Members of the public who have registered to speak may then address the meeting in accordance with the agreed procedure for public speaking (a maximum of two objectors followed by a maximum of two supporters).
3. The Chairman gives planning officer's the right to reply in response to comments that have been made during the public speaking session.
4. Any councillor(s) who are not member(s) of the Planning Committee, but who wish to speak on an application, either in or outside of their ward, will be then allowed for no longer than three minutes each. It will be at the Chairman's discretion to permit councillor(s) to speak for longer than three minutes. [Councillors should notify the Committee Officer, in writing, by no later than midday the day before the meeting of their intention to speak.]
5. The Chairman will then open up the application for debate.:
  - (a) No speech shall be longer than three minutes for all Committee members;
  - (b) No councillor to speak more than once during the debate on the application;
  - (c) Members shall avoid repetition of points made earlier in the debate.
  - (d) The Chairman gives planning officer's the right to reply in response to comments that have been made during the debate, and prior to the vote being taken.
  - (e) Once the debate has concluded, the Chairman will automatically move the officer's recommendation following the debate on that item. If it is seconded, the motion is put to the vote. A simple majority vote is different for the motion to be carried. If it is not seconded or the motion is not carried then the Chairman will ask for a second alternative motion to be put to the vote.

In any case where the motion is contrary to officer recommendation that is:

- Approval to refusal, or;
- Refusal to approval;
- Or where the motion proposes additional reasons or additional conditions.
- In advance of the vote, provided that any such proposal has been properly moved and seconded, the Chairman shall adjourn the meeting to allow officers; the mover of the motion and the Chairman to discuss the reason(s), conditions (where applicable) and policy(ies) put forward to ensure that they are sufficiently precise, state the harm (where applicable) and support the correct policies to justify the motion. Following any adjournment, upon reconvening the Chairman will put to the Committee the motion and the reason(s) for the decision before moving to the vote.

- (f) A motion can also be proposed and seconded at any time to defer or adjourn consideration of an application (for example for further information/advice backed by supporting reasons).
6. Meetings of the Planning Committee shall end by 10:30pm except:
- Where it appears to the Chairman that the remainder of the Agenda can be completed expeditiously thereafter or where a debate on a specific matter has not been completed by 10:30pm; or
  - Where the Committee decides that specific matters should be considered at that meeting

All outstanding items not completed by the end of the meeting shall be adjourned to the reconvened or next ordinary meeting of the Committee.

7. In order for a planning application to be referred to the full Council for determination in its capacity as the Local Planning Authority, a councillor must first with a seconder, write/email the Democratic Services Manager detailing the rationale for the request (the proposer and seconder does not have to be a planning committee member).

The Democratic Services Manager shall inform all councillors by email of the request to determine an application by full Council, including the rationale provided for that request. The matter would then be placed as an agenda item for consideration at the next Planning Committee meeting. The proposer and seconder would each be given three minutes to state their case. The decision to refer a planning application to the full Council will be decided by a majority vote of the Planning Committee.

### **GUIDANCE NOTE For Planning Committee Members**

#### **Reason for Refusal**

How a reason for refusal is constructed.

A reason for refusal should carefully describe the harm of the development as well as detailing any conflicts with policies or proposals in the development plan which are relevant to the decision.

When formulating reasons for refusal Members will need to:

- (1) Describe those elements of the proposal that are harmful, e.g. bulk, massing, lack of something, loss of something.
- (2) State what the harm is e.g. character, openness of the green belt, retail function and;
- (3) The reason will need to make reference to policy to justify the refusal.

#### **Example**

The proposed change of use would result in the loss of A1 retail frontage at Guildford Town Centre, which would be detrimental to the retail function of the town and contrary to policy SS9 in the Guildford Local Plan.

## **Reason for Approval**

How a reason for approval is constructed.

A reason for approval should carefully detail a summary of the reasons for the grant of planning permission and a summary of the policies and proposals in the development plan, which are relevant to the decision.

Example:

The proposal has been found to comply with Green Belt policy as it relates to a replacement dwelling and would not result in any unacceptable harm to the openness or visual amenities of the Green Belt. As such the proposal is found to comply with saved policies RE2 and H6 of the Council's saved Local Plan and national Green Belt policy in the NPPF.

## **Reason for Deferral**

Applications should only be deferred if the Committee feels that it requires further information or to enable further discussions with the applicant or in exceptional circumstances to enable a collective site visit to be undertaken.

Clear reasons for a deferral must be provided with a summary of the policies in the development plan which are relevant to the deferral.

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## **APPLICATIONS FOR PLANNING PERMISSION & RELATED APPLICATIONS FOR CONSIDERATION BY THE PLANNING COMMITTEE**

### **NOTES:**

#### **Officers Report**

Officers have prepared a report for each planning or related application on the Planning Committee Index which details:-

- Site location plan;
- Site Description;
- Proposal;
- Planning History;
- Consultations; and
- Planning Policies and Considerations.

Each report also includes a recommendation to either approve or refuse the application. Recommended reason(s) for refusal or condition(s) of approval and reason(s) including informatives are set out in full in each report.

#### **Written Representations**

Copies of representations received in respect of the applications listed are available for inspection by Councillors at the plans viewing session held prior to the meeting and will also be available at the meeting. Late representations will be summarised in a report which will be circulated at the meeting.

Planning applications and any representations received in relation to applications are available for inspection at the Planning Services reception by prior arrangement with the Head of Planning Services.

#### **Background Papers**

In preparing the reports relating to applications referred to on the Planning Committee Index, the Officers refer to the following background documents:-

- The Town and Country Planning Act 1990, Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004, the Localism Act and other current Acts, Statutory Instruments and Circulars as published by the Department for Communities and Local Government (CLG).
- Guildford Borough Local Plan 2003 (as saved by CLG Direction on 24 September 2007) policies in so far as they conform with the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) (March 2012). Policies H1, H10, S1, GT4, RE7, HE11 and U1 are no longer in effect.
- The South East Plan, Regional Spatial Strategy for the South East (May 2009).
- The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) (March 2012)
- The Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 1995, as amended (2010).
- Consultation responses and other correspondence as contained in the application file, together with such other files and documents which may constitute the history of the application site or other sites in the locality.

## **Human Rights Act 1998**

The Human Rights Act 1998 (the 1998 Act) came into effect in October 2000 when the provisions of the European Convention on Human Rights (the ECHR) were incorporated into UK Law.

The determination of the applications which are the subject of reports are considered to involve the following human rights issues:

- 1 Article 6(1): right to a fair and public hearing

In the determination of a person's civil rights and obligations everyone is entitled to a fair and public hearing within a reasonable time by an independent and impartial tribunal established by law. Judgment shall be pronounced publicly but the press and public may be excluded from all or part of the hearing in certain circumstances (e.g. in the interest of morals, strictly necessary in the opinion of the court in special circumstances where publicity would prejudice the interests of justice.)

- 2 Article 8: right to respect for private and family life (including where the article 8 rights are those of children s.11 of the Children Act 2004)

Everyone has the right to respect for his private and family life, his home and his correspondence. There shall be no interference by a public authority with the exercise of this right except such as is in accordance with the law and is necessary in a democratic society in the interests of national security, public safety or the economic well-being of the country, for the prevention of disorder or crime, for the protection of health or morals, or for the protection of the rights and freedoms of others.

s.11 of the Childrens Act 2004 requires the Council to make arrangements for ensuring that their functions are discharged having regard to the need to safeguard and promote the welfare of children. Furthermore, any services provided by another person pursuant to arrangements made by the Council in the discharge of their functions must likewise be provided having regard to the need to safeguard and promote the welfare of children.

- 3 Article 14: prohibition from discrimination

The enjoyment of the rights and freedoms set out in the ECHR shall be secured without discrimination on any ground such as sex, race, colour, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, association with a national minority, property, birth or other status.

- 4 Article 1 Protocol 1: protection of property;

Every person is entitled to the peaceful enjoyment of his possessions. No one shall be deprived of their possessions except in the public interest and subject to the conditions provided for by law and by the general principles of international law. However, the state retains the right to enforce such laws as it deems necessary to control the use of property in accordance with the general interest or to secure the payment of taxes or other contributions or penalties.

- 5 Article 2 Protocol 1: right to education.

No person shall be denied the right to education.

Councillors should take account of the provisions of the 1998 Act as they relate to the applications on this agenda when balancing the competing interests of the applicants, any third party opposing the application and the community as a whole in reaching their decision. Any interference with an individual's human rights under the 1998 Act/ECHR must be just and proportionate to the objective in question and must not be arbitrary,

unfair or oppressive. Having had regard to those matters in the light of the convention rights referred to above your officers consider that the recommendations are in accordance with the law, proportionate and both necessary to protect the rights and freedoms of others and in the public interest.

### **Costs**

In planning appeals the parties involved normally meet their own costs. Most appeals do not result in a costs application. A costs award where justified is an order which states that one party shall pay to another party the costs, in full or part, which has been incurred during the process by which the Secretary of State or Inspector's decision is reached. Any award made will not necessarily follow the outcome of the appeal. An unsuccessful appellant is not expected to reimburse the planning authority for the costs incurred in defending the appeal. Equally the costs of a successful appellant are not borne by the planning authority as a matter of course.

However, where:

- A party has made a timely application for costs
- The party against whom the award is sought has behaved unreasonably; and
- The unreasonable behaviour has directly caused the party applying for the costs to incur unnecessary or wasted expense in the appeal process a full or partial award is likely.

The word "unreasonable" is used in its ordinary meaning as established in the courts in *Manchester City Council v SSE & Mercury Communications Limited 1988 JPL 774*. Behaviour which is regarded as unreasonable may be procedural or substantive in nature. Procedural relates to the process. Substantive relates to the issues arising on the appeal. The authority is at risk of an award of costs against it if it prevents or delays development, which should clearly be permitted having regard to the development plan. The authority must produce evidence to show clearly why the development cannot be permitted. The authority's decision notice must be carefully framed and should set out the full reasons for refusal. Reasons should be complete, precise, specific and relevant to the application. The Planning authority must produce evidence at appeal stage to substantiate each reason for refusal with reference to the development plan and all other material considerations. If the authority cannot do so it is at risk of a costs award being made against it for unreasonable behaviour. The key test is whether evidence is produced on appeal which provides a respectable basis for the authority's stance in the light of *R v SSE ex parte North Norfolk DC 1994 2 PLR 78*. If one reason is not properly supported but substantial evidence has been produced in support of the others a partial award may be made against the authority. Further advice can be found in the *Department of Communities and Local Government Circular 03/2009 and now Planning Practice Guidance: Appeals paragraphs 027-064 inclusive*.